St Meryl School

History Vocabulary List for Year 1

Florence Nightingale:

Nurse – A person who takes care of sick or injured people.
Hospital – A place where people go to get medical treatment.
Soldier – Someone who serves in an army.
War – A fight between countries or groups of people.
Medicine – A substance used to treat illness or injury.
Infection – When germs enter the body and cause illness.
Cleanliness – Keeping things clean to stay healthy.
Sanitation – Systems to keep places clean and free from disease.
Healing – Becoming healthy again after illness or injury.
Lamp – A source of light; famously used by Florence Nightingale.

Mary Anning:

Fossil – Preserved remains of ancient plants or animals.
Dinosaur – Giant reptiles that lived millions of years ago.
Discovery – Finding something new or previously unknown.
Paleontologist – A scientist who studies fossils.
Rocks – Solid materials forming the Earth's surface.
Seashore – Land by the edge of the sea.
Skeleton – Bones that form the body of a living being.

Jurassic – A period of time when many dinosaurs lived.
Excavation – Digging to find buried objects.
Museum – A place where historical objects are displayed.

The Queens:

Monarch – A king or queen.
Crown – A headpiece worn by a king or queen.
Kingdom – A country ruled by a king or queen.
Royal – Relating to a king or queen.
Throne – The seat of a king or queen.
Palace – A large, beautiful home for a monarch.
Heir – A person who will become king or queen next.
Dynasty – A family of rulers over time.
Celebration – A party or event to honour something.
Reign – The period when a king or queen rules.